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Photoelectron and Magnetic Circular Dichroism Spectra of D0₃-related (Fe_{1-x}V_x)₃Al Alloys

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We have measured photoelectron and magnetic circular dichroism (MCD) spectra near the $L_{2,3}$ edges of the transition metal elements in DO_3 -related pseudo-binary alloys ($Fe_{1-x}V_x$)₃Al in order to clarify their electronic structure. The pseudo-binary alloys show fascinating electronic and magnetic properties such as anomalous negative temperature dependence of the electrical resistivity and relatively sharp reduction of the Curie temperature on partial substitution of another 3d element for Fe in an ordered ferromagnet $Fe_3Al.$ The Heusler-type Fe_2VAl is a possible candidate for a 3d heavy fermion system.

Typical total photoelectric yield spectra for Fe₃Al and photoelectron energy distribution curves (EDC) of Fe₃Al and Fe₂VAl are shown in Figs. 1 and 2, respectively. The yield spectra reveal fairly large MCD. We could make rough estimates of $\langle L_z \rangle = 0.02 \pm 0.05$ and $\langle S_z \rangle = 1.5 \pm 0.4$, using the sum rules³⁾ and neglecting inequivalence in the Fe sites.

The main valence band of Fe₃Al is narrow compared to that of Fe₂VAl and a calculated band, ⁴⁾ while the band of Fe₂VAl is broader than a theoretical one. ⁵⁾ Resonance behavior of the EDC suggests that both the V and Fe 3d states spread over the main band in Fe₂VAl.

Detailed comparison of the present results with the available theoretical and experimental works will be reported elsewhere.

References

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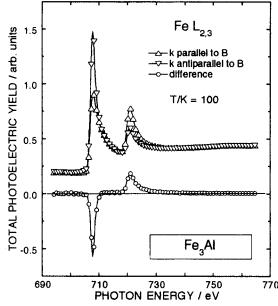


Fig.1 Total photoelectric yield of Fe₃Al.

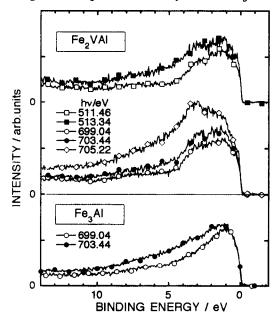


Fig. 2 Photoelectron spectra of Fe₃Al and Fe₂VAl measured at several photon energies.